Name/Title (President Mayor, Owner, etc.)

## BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

# CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

White Cypress Public Water Supply Name

PWS ID# MS0230051 List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consume confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCF must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
O Gustomers were informed of availability of CCR by; (Auach copy of publication, water bill or other)
O Advertisement in local paper O On water bills Direct mail
Date customers were informed: 6/26/2012
Date Mailed/Distributed: 6/26/2012
O CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper:
Date Published: /_/
O CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
Date Posted: / /
O CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www. Totalenvironmental solutions.com
CERTIFICATION
I hereby certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

7-2-2012

Mati Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply /P,O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

POST OFFICE BOX 14068 BATON ROUGE, LA 70898-4086 800-868-3581 ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS, INC.



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# WHITE CYPRESS SUBDIVISION Hancock County, MS

PWS ID NO. MS0230051

# **2011 ANNUAL WATER REPORT**

Prepared by: Total Environmental Solutions, Inc. P.O. Box 14058 Baton Rouge, LA 70898-4056 (800) 372-9712

mailable treatment lectmology.

Mazianam constantipant level (AUCL) - the "Assimum Affaned" IACL is the highest level of a constantinant that is allowed in drawing swier. M.C. is are set as close to the M.C.G's are set easithe, using the best

Treatment Technique (TT) - a kosiment technique is a required peocess intentied to rectuce the lovel of a coefaminum in utiniting

System struct follow

exceeded, triggers becalment or other requirements that a weith

Action Level (VL) - the concentration of a contaminant, that if

MR—Monitoring not required, that recommended

Maximum contambinati bevel goal (MCLS) - the "Goal" is the tevel goal (MCLS) - the "Goal" is the tevel of a contambination disting water between which them is no known or expended list to human health. MCLS's allow for a margin of safety, dence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of miedisinfectant allowed in drinking water. These is convincing exibut in an exist as distributed the el (1881) - the highest level of

in The table below you will find many terms and althrevisions you may not be learning with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

is not present

Parts per million (opini) or Milligrams per filer (mg/L) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single percy

in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (spb) or Micrograms per Ster (sgll) - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

were found to be positive. Positive samplestmanth—

Number of samples laken monthly that

**Mon-Delects (MD)** Seboratory analysis indicates that the considerent

of disambodants to control microbial contaminants a drinking water disinfactant below which there is no known or ex-peried fisk to beath. MRDLG's do not reflect the benefits of the use landman residual districtes tant level goal (MROLG). The level of

#### WHITE CYPRESS LAKES Corrected CCR Hancock County, Mississippi Public Water Supply I.D. No. MS0230051

The Water We Drink - Total Environmental Solutions, Inc. (TESI) is pleased to present our Annual Water Quality Report for the year 2011. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of your water and the services we deliver to you every day.

is My Water Safe? Yes, last year your tap water met all U.S. EPA and state drinking water standards. TESI diligently safeguards its water supplies and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level (MCL) or any other drinking water quality standards.

Do I need to take any special precautions? Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/Aids or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk for infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care provides. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosportidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hottine at (800) 426-4791.

Where does my Water come from? The White Cypress Lakes Water source is one (1) well located at Lake Cypress Drive and East Lake Cypress Drive which draws its water from the Miocene Series Aquifer

Source Water Assessment and its availability - A Source Water Assessment Plan (SWAP) is available from the Mississippi State Department of Health for this system. This Plan is an assessment of a delineated area around our listed source through which contaminants, if present, could migrate and reach our source water. It also includes an inventory of potential sources of contamination within the delineated area, and a determination of the water supply's susceptibility to contamination by the identified potential sources.

Why there are contaminants is my Drinking Water? Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water pose a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Holline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife. Inorganic contaminants, such as saits and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production, and mining activities. In order to ensure that your tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for rubble health for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved? In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply, we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all our customers. If you have a particular question about your water supply, please contact Brannan Corley @ 800-866-3561.

Additional Information for Lead - If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The White Cypress Lakes Water supply is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 Seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you water lead seem stating not several mounts, you can minimize one premitted in the acquisition of the seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="https://www.eps.gov/safeweter.lead">https://www.eps.gov/safeweter.lead</a>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact (601) 576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

#### A Message from MSDH Concerning Radiological Sampling

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice.

Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public Water Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply at (601) 576-7518.

#### Monitoring & Reporting of Compliance Data Violations

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health

Beginning January 1, 2004, the Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary disinfectant to monitor/test for chlorine residuals as required by the Stage 1 Disinfection By-Products Rule. We did complete the monitoring requirements and found no Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) violations.

				•	•		TOOLIGIE.
Residuals	Sampling Period	Range (Low/H		Units	RAA Date	RAA Your Water	Typical Source
Chlorine	Jan-Dec 2011	1.00   1.	20 4.0				
		1 1.W   1.	20 4.0	mg/L	2011	1,20	Water additive used to control microbes
*DAA # Donning Associal A.							The state of the s

- Significant Deficiencies: During a sanitary survey conducted on 2/23/2011, MSDH cited the following significant deficiency(s) and corrective actions:

  1. Inadequate internal cleaning/maintenance of storage tanks: This system is currently under an Administrative order to correct this deficiency by 1-15-2014. Improper record keeping: This system corrected the deficiency on 9-1-2011.

  3. No approved emergency plan or vulnerability analysis: This system corrected the deficiency on 9-7-2011.

  4. Failure to meet water supply demands (overloaded): This system is currently under a Bilateral Compliance Agreement with MSDH to correct this deficiency by 11-18-2012. Lack of redundant meaning an administrative Order by MSDH to correct this deficiency by 11-18-2012.

The water system was tested a minimum of one (1) monthly sample in accordance with the Total Coliform Rule. During the monitoring period covered by this report, the following detections were noted: There were NO positive bacteriological samples during the monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011

In the table below, we have shown the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done during the calendar year of this report. The EPA or the State required us to monitor for certain contaminant less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently.

	Lead & Copper	Da	te	90th Percentile	Unit	A	Sites over	Al	Typical Source
	Lead	20	08	0.001	mg/L	0.0	15 0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
	Copper	20	08	0.2	mg/L	1.	3 0	Corrose	on of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
								1 00000	or remove and providing systems, erostor or make an deposits, leading rown wood preservatives
L.	Nitrates			Sample Date	MCL	Units	Your Water	Violation	Typical Source
	Nitrate (as N)	- 1		Jan. 31, 2011	10	ppm	0.08	No	Runoff from ferblizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits
	Nitrate Nitrite (as I	N)		Jan. 31, 2011	10	ppm	0.1	No	services and transfer and the services are services and the services and the services and the services are services and the services and the services and the services are services and the services and the services are services and the services and the services are services are services are services and the services are services a
	100.70					PP	V. 7	110	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits
	Nitrite			lan, 31, 2011	1	ppm	0.02	No	Transmit for the control of the cont

Analyte Name	Date	MCL	Unit	Result	
Antimony, Total	May 5, 2011	0.006	ppm	<0.0005	
Arsenic	May 5, 2011	0.010	ppm	<0.0005	
Beryllium	May 5, 2011	0.004	ppm	< 0.0005	
Cadmium	May 5, 2011	0.005	ppm	< 0.0005	
Chromium	May 5, 2011	0.1	opm	<0.0005	
Mercury	May 5, 2011	0.002	ppm	<0.0005	
Selenium	May 5, 2011	0.05	ppm	<0.0025	
Thalium, Total	May 5, 2011	0.002	ppm	<0.0005	
Cyanide	Sept. 19,2011	0.2	ppm	<0.015	

	DBP Contaminants	Sample Date	1101	11.74			
		OWINDS DATE	MUL	Unit	Your Water	Violation	Typical Source
	Trihalomethanes, Total (TTHM)	Sept. 9, 2008	80	DDD	6.63	N-	
			- 00	ppu	0,03	NO	By-product of drinking water disinfection
	Haloacetic Acids, Total (HAA5)	Sept. 9, 2008	60	ppb	0.0	No	Description of Maria
				PPD	0.0	110	By-product of drinking water disinfection
-							
	Inorganic Sample Date MCL	Unit Your Water	Violation			Y ( )	

Inorganic	Sample Date	MCL.	Unit	Your Water	Violation	Typical Source
Barium	May 5, 2011	2	ppm	0.0156	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride	May 5, 2011	4	mag	0.141	No	Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer & aluminum factories
		********				Endustrial deposes, water address which provides such result, discharge from tensizer & aluminum factories

Thank you for allowing us to continue to provide your family with clean, quality safe drinking water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply, we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers. Please call our office if you have any questions.

We at TESI, work around the clock to provide top quality drinking water to every tap of every customer of the White Cypress Lakes Water System. We ask that all our customers help us to protect and conserve our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future.

# TESI OCEAN SPRINGS OFFICE

## Hancock County, Mississippi Public Water Supply I.D. No. MS0230051

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Ed production and an experience				T #44 V   144 - 4 - 4	To to difference
i Résiditalu	Sampling Renot	Range (LowiHigh) MCL RAA	" Upits   WAA Date	RAA Your Water	Typical Source
Committee of the control of the cont			the same of the sa	7.55	Minter of Miles and In annual to the sales
Chlorine	Jan-Dec 2011	1.00 1.20 4.0	1 mg/L   2011	1.20	Mater edditive need to bougot mistopes

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		)08	0,001	mg/L	3 0.01	5 0	Corresion of household plumbing systems; entered of histural deposits	
	Copper 20	08	0.2	nig/L	1.3	0		n of household plumbing assignme, erodion of natural depocits; leaching from wood preservatives
r	Mifrales	64	mple Date	MCL	Unita	Your Willer	Violation	Турісьі Воится
	Wirele (## N)	Jen	. 31, 2011	10	ppm	0.08	No	Runof Rom lertitzer uso; leaching from septis tanks; sensige; grocker of natural depuells
	Nitrate Nitrite (26 N)	Jan	. 31, <b>20</b> 11	10	ppm	0,1	No	Runoff Com hirthrist use; leaching from septio tanks; sewage; erasion of natural deposits
	Nitrite	Jen	. 31. 2011	1	ppm	0.02	No	CONTRACTOR INTERNAL INVESTIGATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

Analyte Name	Oute	MCL	Unit	Result
Anthrony, Total	May 5, 2011	4.008	ррМ	<b>₹000.</b> 05
Angynèg	May 6, 2012	0.010	, ppm	40,0005
Beryllum	Mary 5, 2011	0,004	ppm	<0,000š
Çadmlum	May 5. 2011	0.006	ppm	<b>₹0.0005</b>
Obrotnium	May 5, 2011	<b></b> 0.1	ibw .	<0.000ā
Meroury	May 5, 2011	0.003	ppm	<0.0005
Sylantum	May 8, 2011	0.05	ppm.	40.0025
Thellium, Tolai	May 5. 2011	0.002	þþra	<0.0005
Cyanide	Sopt 15,2011	0.9	ррип	<0.015

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W-11.0						
QBP Contestnents	: Bemple Date	MCL	Uak	Your Water	Violation	Typical Bourse
Tribalomethanes, Total (TTHM)	Sept. 9, 2008	80	upb dqq	6,63	No	By-product of strinking water distribution
Hałosceśc Acids, Total (HAA5)	Sept. 9. 2008	60	ppb	0.0	No	By-product of stroking water disinfection

inorganio Sample Date MCL	Unit	Your Water	Molation	Typinel Bourse
Barfurn May 6, 2011 2	ppm	0.0156	No	Discharge of deliting washes; discharge from metal refinence; eropign of natural deposite
Fixoride May 5, 2011 4	ppm	0,141	No	Eroskon of neknel depoells: wuter additive which promptes strong teath; decharge from first per & attentium factories